

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_dspevd (f08gcc)

1 Purpose

nag_dspevd (f08gcc) computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a real symmetric matrix held in packed storage. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide and conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal–Walker–Kahan variant of the QL or QR algorithm.

2 Specification

```
void nag_dspevd (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_UploType uplo,
                 Integer n, double ap[], double w[], double z[], Integer pdz, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_dspevd (f08gcc) computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a real symmetric matrix A (held in packed storage). In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of A as

$$A = Z\Lambda Z^T,$$

where Λ is a diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues λ_i , and Z is the orthogonal matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors z_i . Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.
Constraint: **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** or **Nag_ColMajor**.
- 2: **job** – Nag_JobType *Input*
On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed as follows:
 if **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, only eigenvalues are computed;
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.
Constraint: **job** = **Nag_DoNothing** or **Nag_EigVecs**.
- 3: **uplo** – Nag_UploType *Input*
On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored as follows:
 if **uplo** = **Nag_Upper**, the upper triangular part of A is stored;
 if **uplo** = **Nag_Lower**, the lower triangular part of A is stored.
Constraint: **uplo** = **Nag_Upper** or **Nag_Lower**.

- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 5: **ap**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ap** must be at least $\max(1, n \times (n + 1)/2)$.
On entry: the symmetric matrix A , packed by rows or columns. The storage of elements a_{ij} depends on the **order** and **uplo** parameters as follows:
 if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Upper**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($j - 1$) $\times$ $j/2 + i - 1$], for $i \leq j$;
 if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Lower**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($2n - j$) $\times$ ($j - 1$)/2 + $i - 1$], for $i \geq j$;
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Upper**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($2n - i$) $\times$ ($i - 1$)/2 + $j - 1$], for $i \leq j$;
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor** and **uplo** = **Nag_Lower**,
 a_{ij} is stored in **ap**[($i - 1$) $\times$ $i/2 + j - 1$], for $i \geq j$.
On exit: A is overwritten by the values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form. The elements of the diagonal and the off-diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix overwrite the corresponding elements of A .
- 6: **w**[*dim*] – double *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **w** must be at least $\max(1, n)$.
On exit: the eigenvalues of the matrix A in ascending order.
- 7: **z**[*dim*] – double *Output*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **z** must be at least
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times n)$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**;
 1 when **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**.
 If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (i, j)th element of the matrix Z is stored in **z**[($j - 1$) $\times$ **pdz** + $i - 1$] and
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (i, j)th element of the matrix Z is stored in **z**[($i - 1$) $\times$ **pdz** + $j - 1$].
On exit: if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **z** is overwritten by the orthogonal matrix Z which contains the eigenvectors of A .
 If **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **z** is not referenced.
- 8: **pdz** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.
Constraints:
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdz** $\geq \max(1, n)$;
 if **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **pdz** ≥ 1 .
- 9: **fail** – NagError * *Output*
 The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0 .

On entry, **pdz** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdz** > 0 .

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **job** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pdz** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdz** $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$;

if **job** = **Nag_DoNothing**, **pdz** ≥ 1 .

NE_CONVERGENCE

The algorithm failed to converge, $\langle value \rangle$ elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, parameter $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix $A + E$, where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

The complex analogue of this function is nag_zhpevd (f08gqc).

9 Example

To compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the symmetric matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 & 2.0 & 3.0 & 4.0 \\ 2.0 & 2.0 & 3.0 & 4.0 \\ 3.0 & 3.0 & 3.0 & 4.0 \\ 4.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 & 4.0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dspevd (f08gcc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer i, j, n, ap_len, pdz, w_len;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_JobType job;
    Nag_UploType uplo;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    char uplo_char[2], job_char[2];
    double *ap=0, *w=0, *z=0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A_UPPER(I,J) ap[J*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
#define A_LOWER(I,J) ap[(2*n-J)*(J-1)/2 + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A_LOWER(I,J) ap[I*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
#define A_UPPER(I,J) ap[(2*n-I)*(I-1)/2 + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("f08gcc Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[\n] ");
    Vscanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &n);
    ap_len = n*(n+1)/2;
    w_len = n;
    pdz =n;

    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(ap = NAG_ALLOC(ap_len, double)) ||
        !(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
        !(w = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, double)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read whether Upper or Lower part of A is stored */
    Vscanf(" ' %ls '%*[\n] ", uplo_char);
    if (*(unsigned char *)uplo_char == 'L')
        uplo = Nag_Lower;
    else if (*(unsigned char *)uplo_char == 'U')
        uplo = Nag_Upper;
    else
    {
        Vprintf("Unrecognised character for Nag_UploType type\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read A from data file */
    if (uplo == Nag_Upper)
    {
        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        {
            for (j = i; j <= n; ++j)
                Vscanf("%lf", &A_UPPER(i,j));
        }
        Vscanf("%*[\n] ");
    }
    else

```

```

    {
        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        {
            for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j)
                Vscanf("%lf", &A_LOWER(i,j));
        }
        Vscanf("%*[^\\n] ");
    }
    /* Read type of job to be performed */
    Vscanf(" ' %1s '%*[^\\n] ", job_char);
    if (*(unsigned char *)job_char == 'V')
        job = Nag_EigVecs;
    else
        job = Nag_DoNothing;
    /* Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A */
    f08gcc(order, job, uplo, n, ap, w, z, pdz, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        Vprintf("Error from f08gcc.\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    /* Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors */
    Vprintf("Eigenvalues \\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        Vprintf(" %8.4lf", w[i]);
    Vprintf("\\n");
    x04cac(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
           z, pdz, "Eigenvectors", 0, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        Vprintf("Error from x04cac.\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
}
END:
if (ap) NAG_FREE(ap);
if (w) NAG_FREE(w);
if (z) NAG_FREE(z);
return exit_status;
}

```

9.2 Program Data

f08gcc Example Program Data

```

4                               :Value of N
'L'                             :Value of UPLO
1.0
2.0   2.0
3.0   3.0   3.0
4.0   4.0   4.0   4.0         :End of matrix A
'V'                             :Value of JOB

```

9.3 Program Results

f08gcc Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

```
-2.0531 -0.5146 -0.2943 12.8621
```

Eigenvectors

	1	2	3	4
1	-0.7003	-0.5144	0.2767	-0.4103
2	-0.3592	0.4851	-0.6634	-0.4422
3	0.1569	0.5420	0.6504	-0.5085
4	0.5965	-0.4543	-0.2457	-0.6144